

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Amended) An apparatus for carrying out a forward modified discrete cosine transform comprising:
  - an input signal;
  - a multiplier, said multiplier multiplying a predetermined forward transform window function and said input signal and outputting as a result a product signal;
  - transform carrying out means connected to said multiplier for carrying out a linear forward modified discrete cosine transform on said product signal and for outputting a forward modified discrete cosine transformed signal representative of said linear forward modified discrete cosine transform, wherein said transform carrying out means further comprises:
    - a first processing device connected to receive said product signal from said multiplier, said first processing device outputting a processed signal;
    - means connected to said first processing device for receiving said processed signal and carrying out a forward fast Fourier transform on said processed signal and outputting an internal signal representative of said forward fast Fourier transform; and
    - a second processing device connected to receive said internal signal from said means for carrying out a forward fast Fourier transform, said second processing device processing said internal signal and outputting as a result said forward modified discrete cosine transformed signal.
2. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein said product signal produced by said multiplier, is a succession of zeroth through (N/4-1)th and (N/4)th through (N-1)th product data, where N represents an integral multiple of four; said first processing device includes a particular processing means connected to said multiplier for processing said zeroth through said (N/4-1)th product data

into a succession of  $(3N/4)$  through  $N$ th particular data having a first polarity in common;

said first processing device further includes a specific processing means connected to said multiplier for processing said  $(N/4)$ th through said  $(N-1)$ th product data into a succession of zeroth through  $(3N/4-1)$ th specific data having a second polarity in common, said second polarity being different from said first polarity; and

a calculating means is connected to said particular processing means, said specific processing means, and said means for carrying out a forward fast Fourier transform, for calculating said processed signal by using a predetermined signal and each of said  $(3N/4)$  through said  $N$ th particular and said zeroth through said  $(3N/4-1)$ th specific data.

3. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 2, wherein said predetermined signal represents  $\exp(-2\pi jn/(2N))$ , and said calculating means multiplies said  $\exp(-2\pi jn/(2N))$  and each of said  $(3N/4)$  through said  $N$ th particular data and said zeroth through the  $(3N/4-1)$ th specific data to produce said processed signal, where  $j$  represents an imaginary unit,  $n$  being variable between 0 and  $N-1$ , both inclusive.

4. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 2, wherein said calculating means comprises:

combining means connected to said particular and said specific processing means for combining said particular and said specific data successions into a succession of zeroth through  $(N-1-2p)$ th and  $2p$ th through  $(N-1)$ th combined data, where  $p$  is variable between 0 and  $N/2-1$ , both inclusive;

a subtractor connected to said combining means, said subtractor subtracting said  $(N-1-2p)$ th combined datum from said  $2p$ th combined datum to produce a difference and output a local signal representative of said difference; and

internal multiplying means connected to said subtractor and said means for carrying out a forward fast Fourier transform, for multiplying a predetermined signal with said local signal into an internal product to make said processed signal represent said internal product.

5. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 4, wherein said predetermined signal represents  $\exp(-2\pi jp/N)$ , and said internal multiplying means multiplies said  $\exp(-2\pi jp/N)$  and said local signal to produce said processed signal, where  $j$  represents an imaginary unit,  $p$  being variable between 0 and  $N-1$ , both inclusive.

6. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 1, wherein said internal signal is a succession of zeroth through  $(K-1)$ th and  $k$ th through  $(N/2-1)$ th internal data, where  $N$  represents an integral multiple of four,  $k$  being variable between 0 and  $N-1$ , both inclusive, and wherein said second processing device includes internal multiplying means connected to said means for carrying out a forward fast Fourier transform, for multiplying said  $k$ th internal datum and  $\exp(-2\pi j(k + 1/2)/(2N))$  into a local product to make said forward transformed signal represent said local product, where  $j$  represents an imaginary number.

7. (Amended) An apparatus for carrying out an inverse modified discrete cosine transform comprising:

an input signal comprising a modified discrete cosine transformed signal;  
transform carrying out means for carrying out a linear inverse modified discrete cosine transform on said input signal and for outputting an inverse modified discrete cosine transformed signal representative of a result of said linear inverse modified discrete cosine transform;  
a multiplier connected to said transform carrying out means, said multiplier multiplying a predetermined inverse transform window function and said inverse modified discrete cosine transformed signal to produce a product signal; wherein said transform carrying out means comprises:  
a first processing device which receives said input signal and outputs a processed signal;  
internal transform carrying out means connected to said first processing device for carrying out an inverse fast Fourier transform on said processed signal and for outputting as a result of said inverse fast Fourier transform an internal signal; and

a second processing device connected to said internal transform carrying out means to receive said internal signal and output as a result of processing said internal signal said inverse modified discrete cosine transformed signal.

8. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 7, said input signal being a succession of zeroth through (N-1)th apparatus input data, where N represents an integral multiple of four, wherein said first processing device includes a first multiplier, said multiplier multiplying said zeroth through said (N-1)th apparatus input data and  $\exp(2\pi(N/4 + 1/2)k/N)$  and outputting as a result a first product, said processed signal representing said first product, where j represents an imaginary unit, k being variable between 0 and N-1, both inclusive.

9. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 7, said internal transform carrying out means producing, as said internal signal, a succession of zeroth through (N-1)th internal data, where N represents an integral multiple of four, wherein said second processing device includes a second multiplier connected to said internal transform carrying out means, said multiplier multiplying said zeroth through said (N-1)th internal data and  $\exp(-2\pi j(n + N/4 + 1/2)/(2N))$  into a second product, said inverse transformed signal representing said second product, where j represents an imaginary unit, n being variable between 0 and N-1, both inclusive.

10. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 7, wherein said input signal is a succession of zeroth through (N/2-1)th apparatus input data, where N represents an integral multiple of four;

said first processing device includes a particular processing means for processing said 2kth apparatus input datum into a kth particular datum, where k is variable between 0 and N/2-1, both inclusive and a specific processing means for processing said (2k + 1)th apparatus input datum into a (N-1-k)th specific datum; and

a calculating means connected to said particular and said specific processing means for calculating said processed signal by using a predetermined signal and each of said kth particular and said (N-1-k)th specific data.

11. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 10, wherein said predetermined signal represents  $\exp(2\pi jk/N)$ , where  $j$  represents an imaginary unit, and said calculating means multiplies said predetermined signal and said  $k$ th particular datum.

12. (Original) An apparatus as recited in claim 7, said internal transform carrying out means producing, as said internal signal, a succession of zeroth through  $(p-1)$ th and  $p$ th through  $(N/2-1)$ th internal data, where  $N$  represents an integral multiple of four,  $p$  being variable between 0 and  $(N/2-1)$ , both inclusive, wherein said second processing device comprises:

- a multiplier connected to said internal transform carrying out means, said multiplier multiplying said  $p$ th internal datum and  $\exp(2\pi j(p + 1/2)/2N)$  resulting in a local product to make said inverse transformed signal represent said local product,  $j$  representing an imaginary unit, said local product being a succession of zeroth through  $(N/4-1)$ th and  $(N/4)$ th through  $(N/2-1)$ th product data;
- a particular processing means connected to said multiplier for processing said zeroth through said  $(N/4-1)$ th product data into a first succession of  $(3N/4-1)$ th through  $(N/2)$ th particular data in a descending order and a second succession of  $(3N/4)$ th through  $N$ th particular data in an ascending order, said particular data of said first and said second successions having a first polarity in common; and
- a specific processing means connected to said multiplier for processing said  $(N/4)$ th through  $(N/2-1)$ th product data into a first succession of zeroth through  $(N/4-1)$ th specific data in an ascending order and a second succession of  $(N/2-1)$ th through  $(N/4)$ th specific data in a descending order, the specific data of said first and said second successions having a second polarity in common, said second polarity being different from said first polarity.

13. (New) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein said input signal is an audio signal.

14. (New) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein said modified discrete cosine transformed signal has a block length N of 512.

15. (New) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein said transform carrying out means calculates fewer than  $N^2$  multiplications.

16. (New) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein said transform carrying out means calculates fewer than  $N(N-1)$  additions.

17. (New) The apparatus of claim 1 wherein said processed signal is formed by multiplying said input signal by a predetermined factor.

18. (New) The apparatus of claim 17 wherein said modified discrete cosine transformed signal comprises said internal signal representative of said forward fast Fourier transform multiplied by a second predetermined factor.

19. (New) The apparatus of claim 7 wherein said modified discrete cosine transformed signal is a transformed audio signal.

20. (New) The apparatus of claim 7 wherein said modified discrete transformed signal has a block length N of 512.

21. (New) The apparatus of claim 7 wherein said transform carrying out means calculates fewer than  $N^2$  multiplications to carry out said inverse discrete cosine transform.

22. (New) The apparatus of claim 21 wherein said transform carrying out means calculates fewer than  $N(N-1)$  additions to carry out said inverse discrete cosine transform.

23. (New) The apparatus of claim 7 wherein said processed signal comprises said input signal multiplied by a predetermined factor.

24. (New) The apparatus of claim 23 wherein said inverse modified discrete cosine transform signal comprises said internal signal representative of said inverse forward fast Fourier transform multiplied by a second predetermined factor.

25. (New) An apparatus for carrying out an inverse transform comprising:  
an input signal  $y(m,k)$ ;  
transform carrying out means for carrying out a linear inverse transform  $xt(m,n)$   
on said input signal  $y(m,k)$  and for outputting an inverse transformed signal  
representative of a result of said linear inverse transform, said linear inverse  
transform being defined by:

$$xt(m,n) = 2/N \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} y(m,k) \cos[2\pi(n+n_0)(k+1/2)/N]$$

where  $m$  represents a block number,  $n$  represents a sample number,  $N$   
represents a block length and  $k$  is an integer between 0 and  $N-1$ ;  
a multiplier connected to said transform carrying out means, said multiplier  
multiplying a predetermined inverse transform window function and said  
inverse transformed signal to produce a product signal; wherein said  
transform carrying out means comprises:  
a first processing device which receives said input signal  $y(m,k)$  and outputs a  
processed signal, said processed signal comprising a product signal formed  
by multiplying said input signal  $y(m,k)$  by a predetermined factor;  
internal transform carrying out means connected to said first processing device  
for carrying out an inverse fast Fourier transform on said processed signal  
and for outputting as a result of said inverse fast Fourier transform an  
internal signal; and  
a second processing device connected to said internal transform carrying out  
means to receive said internal signal and output as a result of processing said  
internal signal said inverse transformed signal.

26. (New) The apparatus of claim 17 wherein N is 512.

27. (New) The apparatus of claim 17 wherein said transform carrying out means calculates fewer than  $N^2$  multiplications.

28. (New) The apparatus of claim 19 wherein said transform carrying out means calculates fewer than  $N(N-1)$  additions.

29. (New) An apparatus for carrying out an inverse transform comprising:  
a[n] transformed discrete audio input signal having a block size (N) of 512;  
transform carrying out means for carrying out a linear inverse transform on said  
input signal by calculating fewer than  $N^2$  multiplications and fewer than  $N(N-1)$  additions, and for outputting an inverse transformed signal representative  
of a result of said linear inverse transform;  
a multiplier connected to said transform carrying out means, said multiplier  
multiplying a predetermined inverse transform window function and said  
inverse transformed signal to produce a product signal; wherein said  
transform carrying out means comprises:  
a first processing device which receives said input signal and outputs a  
processed signal;  
internal transform carrying out means connected to said first processing device  
for carrying out an inverse fast Fourier transform on said processed signal  
and for outputting as a result of said inverse fast Fourier transform an  
internal signal; and  
a second processing device connected to said internal transform carrying out  
means to receive said internal signal and output as a result of processing said  
internal signal said inverse transformed signal.